



CandlePowerForums > General Flashlight > Flashlight Electronics - Batteries Included Let's talk about GLUE				- Batteries	CPF Support	Welcome, milkyspit. You last visited: Today Private Messages: 0 U	at 01:08 AM
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□ 10-09-2003, 02:51 PM	# <u>1</u>
milkyspit       Flashaholic*	Join Date: Sep 2002 Location: New Jersey Posts: 2,967
e Lets talk about GLUE	
Can someone help me understand the universe of glues available and what each is good or not so good for? [img]/ubbthreads/ima	
I'm particularly ignorant in this area! [img]/ubbthreads/images/g	graemlins/ooo.gif[/img]
Always been a superglue guy, and if that doesn't work, I don't re	ally know where to turn.

[img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/help.gif[/img]

Here are some glues I've at least heard of, but I still <b>don't have a clue</b> as to when to use them	
Elmer's glue ("plain old glue") Rubber cement Superglue Model glue Epoxy Fabric glue Wood glue Spray adhesive	
Maybe some of the above are a joke, but then it just proves my ignorance. [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/icon23.gif[/img] And I <b>know</b> there's a bunch more glues I don	't even know about!
My bottom line goal in this thread is to understand which glue would be a good choice to join mater take into account special "features," such as dries fast, is waterproof, good for smooth materials, go thermally conductive, soft, hard, doesn't require mixing, etc. [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/t	od for filling gaps,
If we get a good response in this thread, maybe I'll compile the info into some sort of table and mak who wants it [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/cool.gif[/img]	ke it available to anyone
So, let the glue gods begin [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/popcorn.gif[/img]	
Last edited by milkyspit : Yesterday at 08:33 AM.	Edit Quote
10-09-2003, 03:23 PM	# <u>2</u> 🚺
INRETECH S Flashaholic*	Join Date: Aug 2002 Location: HILLSBORO, OR Posts: 1,337
Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
There are several things to consider	
) Cure time ) Cure chemical (some are very nasty) ) Temperature to breakdown ) Shear Strength	



Superglue. Cyano-Methacrylic. Sticks almost anything to anything, even Teflon if it is pre-etched but not Polyethelene or P-vinyl. Gets all over everything and sticks fingers together. Slower Gel variety not as messy and can be set with "Kicker" sprays. Brittle, shelf life 3-6 mo. Not cheap.

Model glue. Various cellulose products dissolved in acetone or MethylEthylKetone. Balsa wood. Plastic Model glue similar except Styrene based. Drys fast. Fumes toxic. Cheap.

Epoxy. Epon resin. Set by heat or with a catalyst. Comes in a variety of cure times from seconds to hours. The thirty minute types are usually the strongest. Will glue most non-flexing parts satisfactorily, weakens at 200degF. Available with various fillers to add proprties like ridgity and heat transfer. Can also by used to cast parts and lay-up fiberglass and carbon fiber. Parts must be very clean and giged while resin sets. Clean-up with Acetone before set. Softens in Methyl Cloride (Paint remover). Shelf life 6-9 mo. Moderate cost.

Fabric glue. PolyVinylAcrylic. Also sold as "Tacky Craft" glues, "The Miricle Glue from Canada" and "Mod Podge". Close reletive to Elmer's and the medium for artist's acrylic paints. Good for crafts light wood items and cloth. More water resistant than Elmer's. Easy clean-up before it sets. Cheap.

Wood glue. Aliphilic resin. Yellow glue. Quick grabing. fast setting and strong. Two types, one a lot more waterproof than the other. Parts can be moderatly worked after only a short clamping time, twenty minutes or so. Fully set in a couple of hours. Stains iron and steel parts (top of table saw!!). Shelf life 6-9 mo (gets stringy and thick). Cheap.

Spray adhesive. Rubber cement on Steriods. Synthetic rubber dissloved in various toxic solvents. Gluing cloth, veneer, leather and cardboard to each other. Non-spray version sold as contact cement. Toxic vapors. Clean-up difficult. Moderate cost.

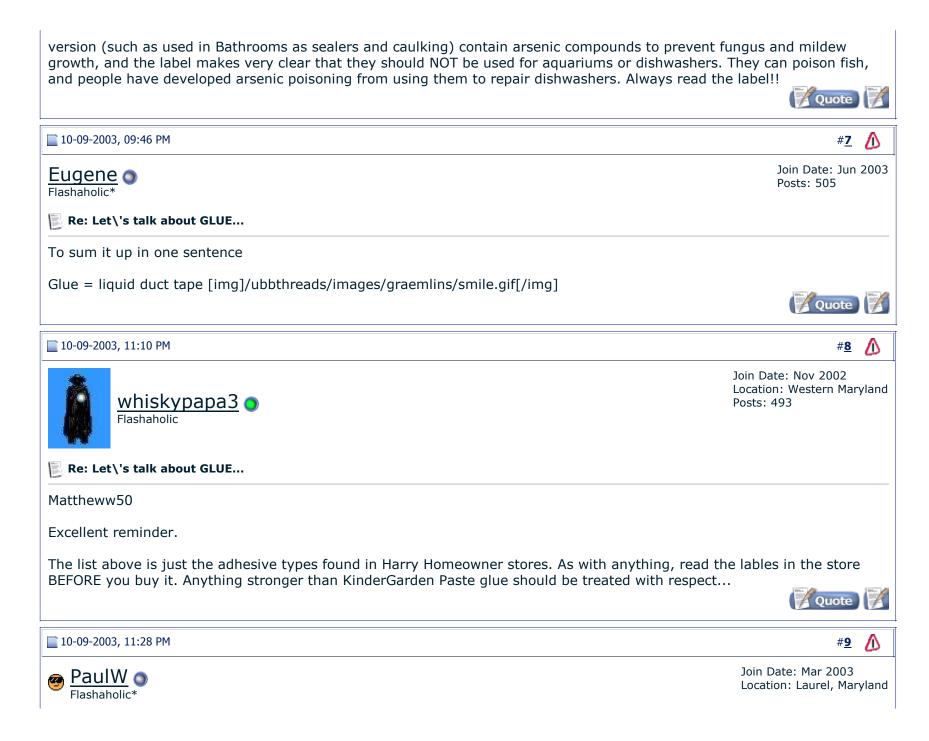
Goop. Various flavors that except for the Marine grade appear to be the same. Synthetic rubber in various solvents. Good adhisive, especially where parts are moderatly flexed. Thick, dries fast holds well to most parts except Teflon and Polyethylene. Shelf life 6 mo. after opening. Moderate cost.

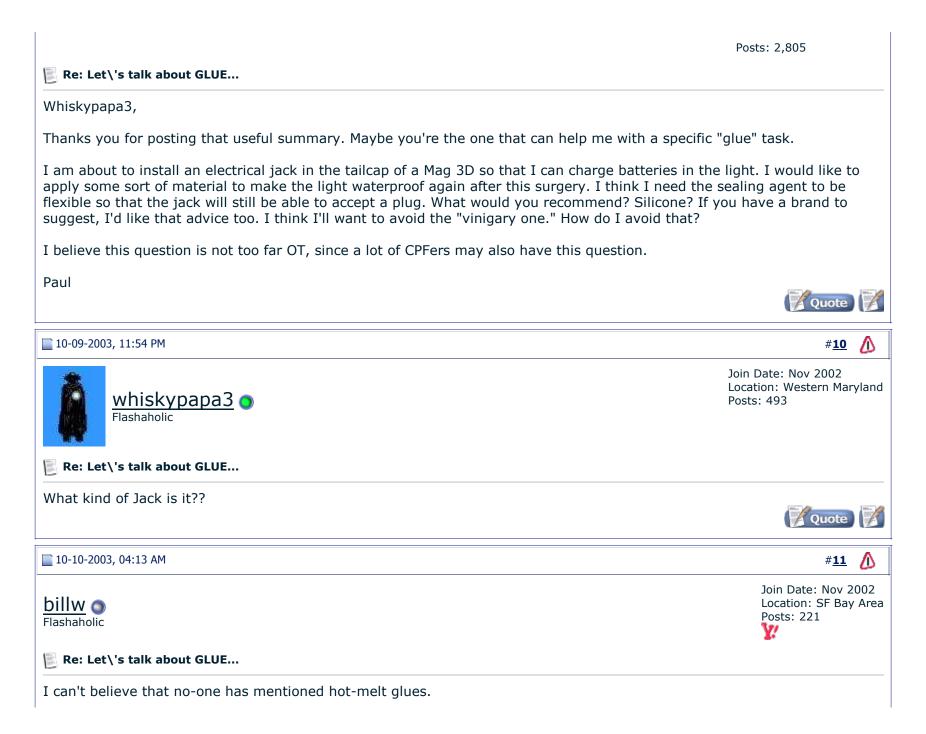
Silicone. Moisture setting Silicone rubber. Two varieties, one smells like vinigar, one doesn't, General purpose sealing and light gluing. Does not shrink while setting. Vinigary one causes copper to corode so avoid use in electrical devices. Best glue for glass (like aquariums). Moderate cost.

## And WP3's favorite;

Urethane wood glue. Moisture setting urethane resin. Messyest glue ever made, just looking at the bottle makes my fingers stick together. Use by dampening one side of the work, spread glue on other side assemble and CLAMP. Glue foams up filling entire joint and oozeing out all over the work. After hardening the foamed out glue chips off readily. Strong and totally waterproof. Clean-up, let it harden then chip it off, glue on fingers wears off in a few days. On work clothes, forget it.













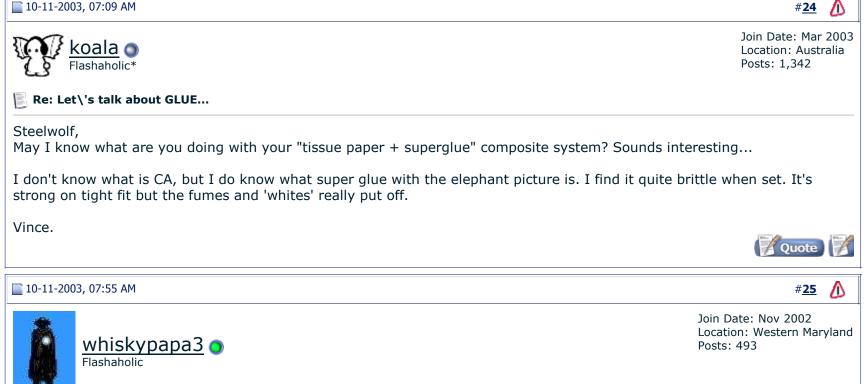
## Join Date: Aug 2003 charliek 🕥 Location: Bergen county NJ, USA Flashaholic\* Posts: 747 Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE... Milky- I'm telling you- Loctite brand 2 part Epoxy is the BEST glue for all kinds of stuff- comes in 2 tubes- get a peice of cardboard and a few toothpicks- squeeze out a little gob of the resin, then an equal part of the hardener- mix them with the toothpick... now you've got about 5 minutes to apply it. After 5 minutes it's pretty hard- 3 hours it's like a rock, after 24 hours it's cured completely. Hold just about anything. And you NEVER get that "Stuck on cap" or a dried out tube like you get with stuff you don't mix- (it's well worth the trouble) Ouote 10-10-2003, 10:21 PM #<u>20</u> Μ Join Date: Aug 2002 carbonsparky 🔿 Location: WI Flashaholic Posts: 206 Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE... Cyanoacrylate accelerators do just that. You just spray a little on your joint and the glue will set instantly. You can also apply it to one surface and the glue to another before placing together. This stuff has changed the way model R/C planes are built. Place your parts together, apply glue, hold in place and spritz. Glue is set let go. No more clamping or trying to hold parts together. The bond is not going to be any stronger, but you may get better results because the glue will stay in place better. For best results with CA glues buy the stuff you get at hobby stores. Most of these are better than the stuff you buy for general consumer use. When you store your CA, keep it in a dark cool place like your refridgerator. It will last almost forever. CA work best with tight fit, epoxy works when you need more fill (poor fit). Ouote 10-10-2003, 10:46 PM #**21** Μ Join Date: Dec 2002 Location: Costa Mesa, CA tvodrd 🕥 Posts: 4,868

CPF Dhamond Supporter	
Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
2-part epoxys usually have the highest strengths, the problem is, the best of them are sensitive mix them on a balance by weight. Commercial prod's like Devcon 5-minute are not that sensite roughly-equal beads from the dual syringe package, stir them up and it works. With epoxys, a big part- on a hot day, they set-up quicker. They are also mass-sensitive- the more you mix, f go-off/gel/start to set up. The epoxy family offers the best range of "final result" solutions IMC house is a pretty effictive "glue!"	tive- you lay a pair of Imbient temperature plays a the quicker it will
Larry	Quote
□ 10-10-2003, 11:00 PM	# <u>22</u> 🔬
<u>charliek</u> Flashaholic*	Join Date: Aug 2003 Location: Bergen county NJ, USA Posts: 747
Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
I Love JB Weld! would be perfect if it was clear [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/win	k.gif[/img]
	Quote
10-11-2003, 01:09 AM	# <u>23</u> 🚺
Steelwolf Flashaholic*	Join Date: Feb 2001 Location: Perth, Western Australia Posts: 1,207
Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
Superglue really takes quite a fair bit of skill to use. Got to have almost perfectly mated surface squeeze too tight and force it all out of the gap, don't leave it too loose which leaves too much join, make sure everything stays perfectly still and in place until the CA sets. Very very very h	n of a gap and results in a bad

Nowadays, I use CA as part of a composite system. It looks fugly but it is really strong. Composites consist of the resin/glue and a fibre (fiber for you Americans [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/smile.gif[/img] ) matrix. I've had good results with just a few layers of tissue paper and superglue as the "resin". I roughen the surface around the joint to make sure the composite patch stays on. A drop or two in to the mating surfaces and on to the roughened area. Wrap with nicely pre-cut layers of tissue paper and wet with superglue to keep in place. Put on several layers of glue and tissue paper. When the superglue dries, its like hard plastic (probably the acrylate part of cyanoacrylate) and very strong. And because it is superglue, it cures much faster than resin mixes, especially under humid conditions.

I think part of the reason why this works is that CA in itself dries to a really hard mass with incredible breaking strength, and the tissue paper helps keep it in place and allows enough mass to build up, instead of having the CA just drip off. I've also used cloth fibres with good results. The main criteria with choosing the fibre is to make sure that the superglue can wet it well. The strength of the fibre may play a part, but I've yet to build or repair something that would test that.

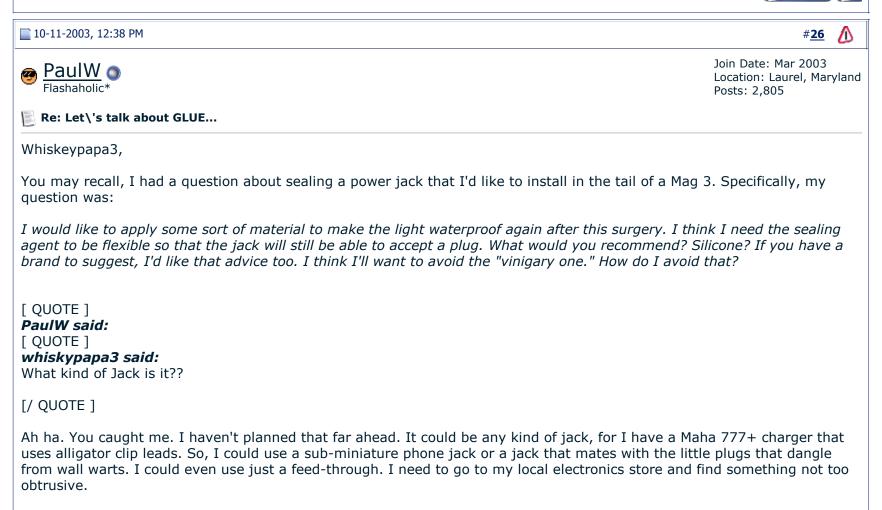
Quote





Some woodturners use CA as a final coat on small items (pens, chess pieces, cups etc.). Coat item with gel CA, smooth down with piece of PolyEthylene foam, spritz with kicker, wet sand with progressively finer grit and polish off with plastic polishing rouge. Looks like glass, lasts far longer than waxes or varnish. You must wear a full face shield and use a fume filtering breathing mask while applying it in these quanities because it really stinks up the place, kinda like CS tear gas. Also good for filling small breakouts and cracks, a drop of the gel variety in the spot and a quick spritz, sand level and polish.

Quote

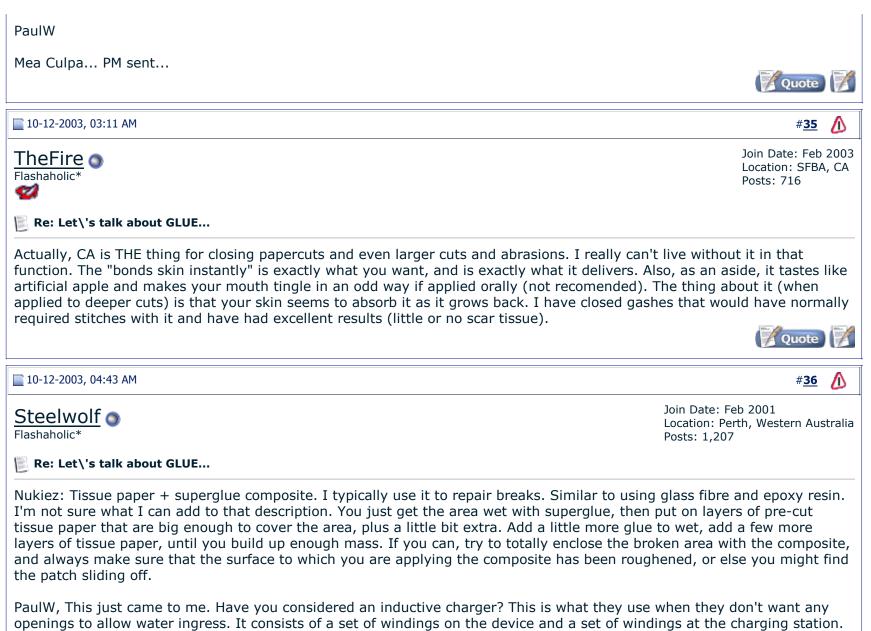


The limiting factor is that it needs to fit in the Mag 3 tailcap with the spring compressed. Since it's low current, I think I'll be

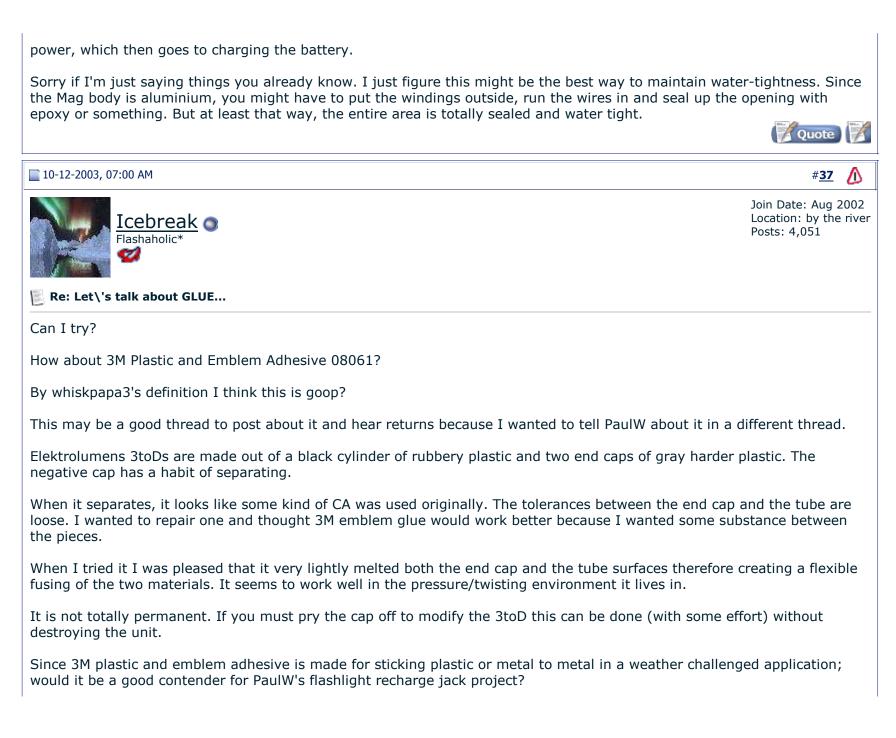
looking for the smallest jack I can find.	
Paul	
[/ QUOTE ]	
Thanks,	
Paul	Quote
10-11-2003, 12:40 PM	# <u>27</u>
milkyspit Flashaholic*	Join Date: Sep 2002 Location: New Jersey Posts: 2,967
Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
<b>charliek</b> , please say a little more about JB Weld if you could. What's so special about it? Is it an epoxy, or clear (no pun intended) on how it differs from the other glues that have been mentioned. [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/confused.gif[/img]	r what? I'm not
<b>nukiez</b> , I think CA stands for cyanoacrylate, which is essentially superglue. [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/smile.gif[/img]	
<b>whiskeypapa3</b> , admittedly this has no direct relation to flashlights, but I used to make repairs to my foil the sport of fencing) with superglue. Foil fencing is electrically scored, with a delicate wire running along a length of the blade to the tip. If the wire pops out it'll quickly break, and well, you won't be scoring any [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/icon15.gif[/img] The superglue had a sort of wicking action through that worked nicely for a quick repair to a wire starting to pop out. Does this make any sense?	a groove up the full more.
That said, I recently found that superglue did NOT do a good job in gluing a wire into a groove through PN seem to stick to the PVC at all! [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/crazy.gif[/img]	10-
10-11-2003, 02:00 PM	# <u>28</u> 💧





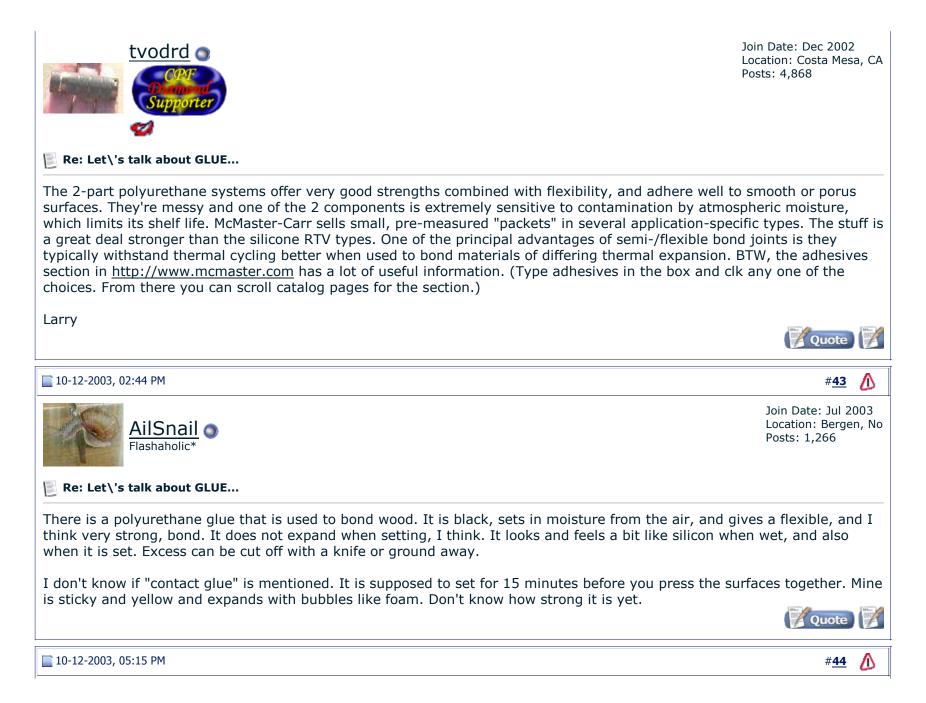


The whole set up works like a transformer such that the windings at the charging station set up a pulsing magnetic field (alternating or not doesn't matter, so long as it is not constant strength). The windings in the device are placed as close as possible to the magnetic field. The device windings pick up the magnetic field and convert the energy back to electrical







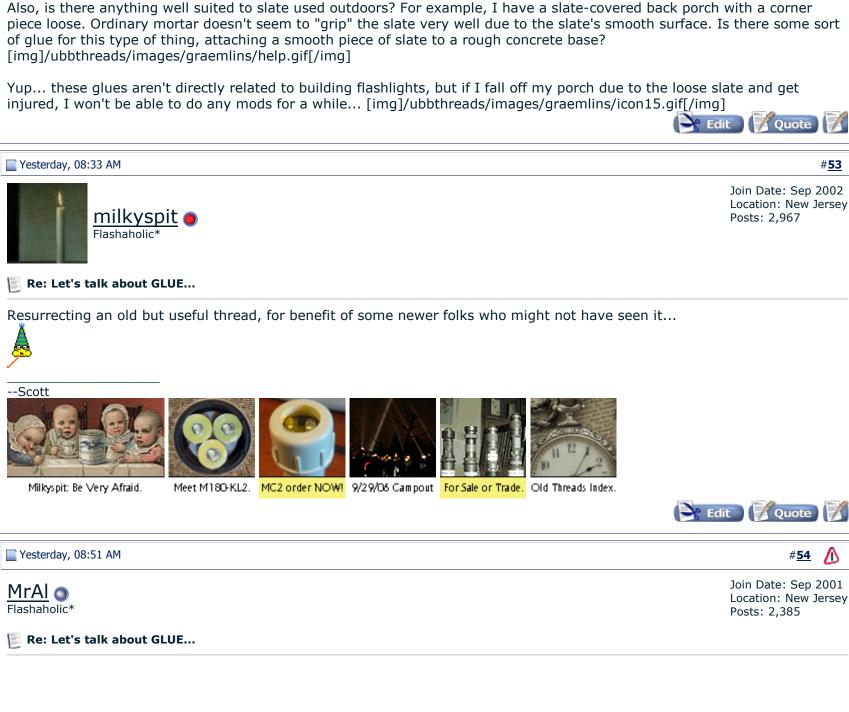


tvodrd Supporter	Join Date: Dec 2002 Location: Costa Mesa, CA Posts: 4,868
Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
There are also cohesives- they just stick to themself. [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/grin work in the form of cohesive paper tape used to secure coils of IV set tubing. On the subject of toe pads. I've kept Tokays in years past, and it's interesting to watch a 10" lizard run up and of They also bark and bite like a small dog. [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/grin.gif[/img] S out how they <i>release</i> their grip.	f adhesion, check into gecko down a plate glass window!
Larry	Quote
10-13-2003, 01:34 AM	# <u>45</u> 🔥
Steelwolf Flashaholic*	Join Date: Feb 2001 Location: Perth, Western Australia Posts: 1,207
E Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
PaulW: 20Ahrs can't be that much. Afterall, doesn't Darrel's EV need more juice than that? [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemlins/smile.gif[/img] And IIRC, it uses an inductive loop so tha accidentally electrocute their precious consumers. But I guess at the size of a hand held flash charge 20Ahrs within a reasonable time frame.	
Back to topic: There is starch, which is often used in paper mache. I think that can be conside there is a variety of glue stick that works like the 3M post-it notes, so that you can stick and p over. These don't help the intended application any though.	
I have had occassion to use the contact cement from Selleys. That one doesn't semm to foam polyurethane-based space sealing foam. Comes from a can, starts to bubble like crazy once it moisture and is so sticky it is almost impossible to clean off.	





	Quote
10-15-2003, 02:27 AM	# <u>51</u> 🚺
billw Flashaholic	Join Date: Nov 2002 Location: SF Bay Area Posts: 221
E Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
Things not mentioned yet:	
Pastes of assorted sorts, including wallpaper paste. Don't forget paper mache' as a composite building material Also dextrin and assorted other soluble gums (gum arabic, etc.) One of these is on the backs of stamps and water-based tapes.	
Urea-formaldahyde glues, both water activated and solvent based (one may be slightly different. These two-part waterproof woodworking glues, more or less)	are your pre-epoxy
Assorted plastics disolved in assorted solvents. For plastics. Occasionally just a solvent that disolves som you're gluing together (plastic model cement and PVC pipe cement are in this catagory.) Nitrocellulose too (the basis of most nail polish.)	ne of the plastics
BillW	Quote
10-15-2003, 05:15 AM	# <u>52</u>
milkyspit Flashaholic*	Join Date: Sep 2002 Location: New Jersey Posts: 2,967
Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE	
Out of curiosity, what do they use for things like ceramic floor tiles? [img]/ubbthreads/images/graemline	s/confused.gif[/img]



Hello there,

I've used various epoxy brands/types but my favorite now is PC-11 . This stuff is great, although it takes about 24 hours for a full set. It's thick so it doesnt run, and dries nice and hard. You wont regret buying this stuff.

Also not mentioned yet (i dont think) is the ProWeld glue for plastic. It actually does sort of 'weld' the plastic together (like acylic and model plastic)

so it makes a stong grip, but the pre-fitting has to be near perfect (no gaps, not even a little).

I got to test this stuff out when i broke the base to my zig zag arm lamp, that has one of those plastic bases that sort of 'clamps' the base of the lamp to a table or bench, so then you can swing the lamp head around and also adjust it's height from the top of the bench.

What happened is i tried to move the lamp head one time and applied way too much force and the base cracked into about 4 pieces (yikes). I almost threw the whole thing in the garbage, but instead got out the ProWeld stuff.

Wetting the surfaces where the cracks were, i was able to (quickly, as this stuff dries in about 10 seconds) fit the pieces back together like a puzzle.

Waited about an hour for full cure, then put the lamp back in service! This is a good test because that base has to be strong to put up with the tugs

and pulls on it by the metal piece that acts as the lead screw for the clamping action. If it didnt work too well it would have broke and fell right off the table (again).

Not good for much, but when you can use it it's really amazing how good it works.

Also used to glue clear acylic plastic together for various things like displays and show cases. Fit has to be tight though so pieces have to be cut with some precision.

Take care,

AI

LED's vs Bulbs, the battle is on.

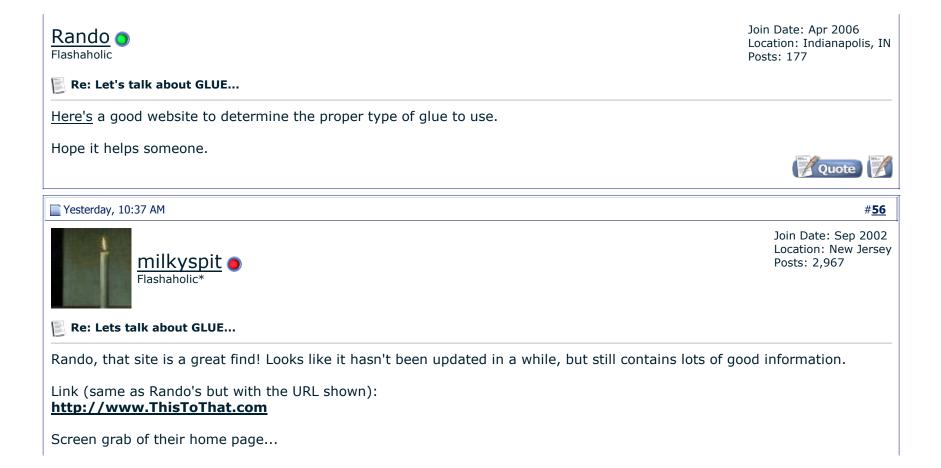
My bumper sticker: "I Brake for LED's"

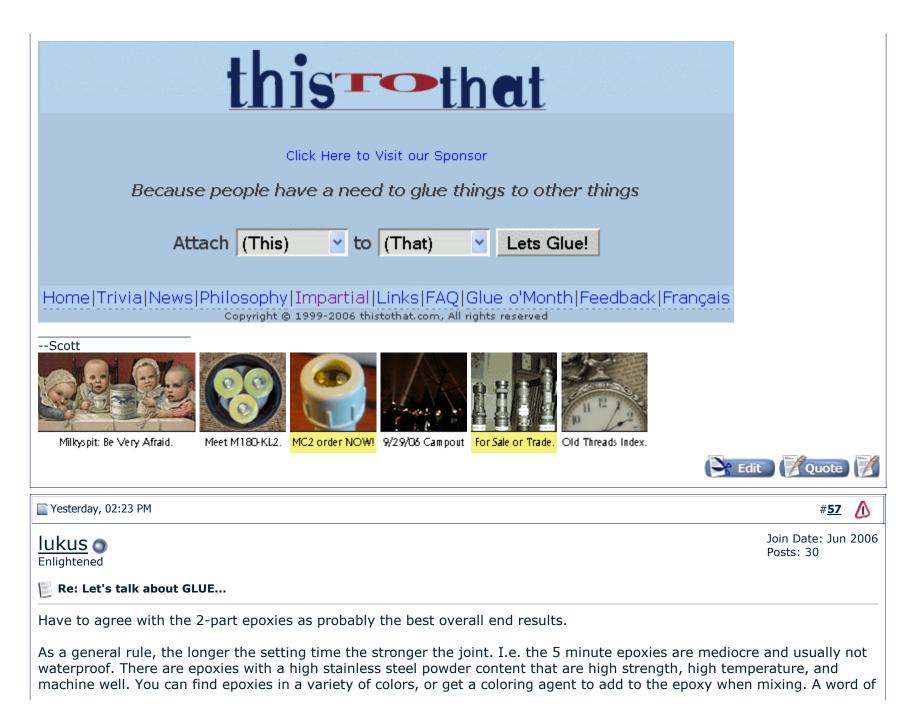


#<u>55</u>

Μ

📄 Yesterday, 08:54 AM





warning with the coloring agents, a little goes a long way and too much will weaken the epoxy.

A good general purpose, high strength epoxy that I like is Micro-bed (J-B Weld is pretty good too, just a little ugly). It's used to bed the barrels and actions on custom rifles. It's a rich brown color. Has a setting time of about an hour (or longer, depending on temperature) and a full cure time around 24 hours. Conap is also a good choice and cures black.

Tips:

-After the epoxy sets (stiffens up) and before it cures too hard, you can take a sharp razor blade and trim or scrape off excess. Usually easier than trying to clean with acetone.

-Shelf life is pretty long (as in years) with most epoxies. If they start to crystalize and get lumpy in the tubes, you can heat it up in boiling water (or carefully microwave). That will liquify the epoxy and make it usable again with no compromise in strength.

-Roughening up the surfaces to be bonded gives the epoxy some teeth to grab onto and will give you a stronger joint.

-You can use an automotive wax on something you don't want the epoxy to bond to. Can be useful if you're making a mold or a tight fitting joint/mount for something you'll want to take back apart.

-Spring clamps, available in most hardware stores are great to hold things together while the epoxy sets. You can squeeze enough to squeeze out most of the epoxy from the joint and not get a very good bond. If you need to weaken the spring clamp, use a little butane torch to heat up the spring. A little careful playing around and you can get the spring tension just right.

Finally, look at knife making supply companies or gun repair companies for good epoxies. Brownells, Midway, Texas knifemaking, Arizona knife and gun, just a few I can think of off the top of my head. Brownells is particularly good and carry a variety of the better stuff. Also have A LOT of small hand tools you'll just have to have.



Today, 12:21 AM



Handlobraesing 
Flashaholic\*

#<u>58</u> /

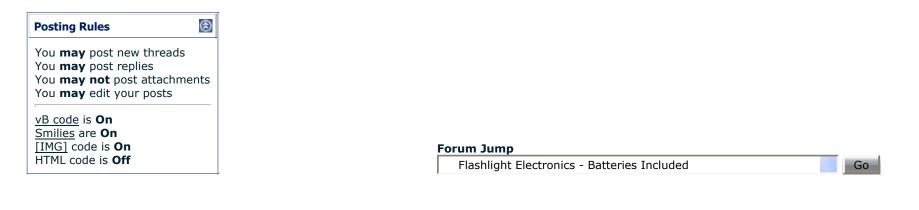
Join Date: Feb 2006 Location: On the driver's seat Posts: 1,039

📳 Re: Let\'s talk about GLUE...

What's the inorganic, porous gypsum like super high temperature glue made of if its not plain gypsum? The kind often used to secure porcelain socket onto projector bulbs. Ouote Today, 01:25 AM #59 Μ Join Date: Jan 2006 Marlite 🕥 Location: Vancouver B.C. Canada Enlightened Posts: 64 Re: Let's talk about GLUE... I have used 2 part epoxies for my golf club repair. A Canadian company Industrial Formulators of Canada a pioneer in epoxies, was a family business and the owner raised 3 smart knock-out daughters who handled the front end. In those days we had wood club heads and a favorite head that cracked was a catastrophe. I sold indus. supples and they were a customer so....I glued the cracked heads w/2 part 24hr epoxy. Bill said the 30 minute 2 part was good enough for shaft to head joining and I referred my golf customers to them and sold them 2" double coated tape for attaching grips. I did OK with this plan. There was also a "12 hour cure," "30 cure" and "5 cure." I still have a prototpe 10-1 (one min. cure.) No play time on this one. Marine epoxy was the 24 cure! I still have epoxy thats 15 years old and it stiffens in the sqeeze bottle. They said that to restore it warm under tap water or warm in your hands. Setting time in older stuff may be a bit longer as it cures thermally? Theres a quick strong accellerator, that helps to fill voids as well as for awkward joins, due to non close- mating breaks. Wet both surfaces with cyanocrylate glue and dust with Baking Soda right out of the kitchen. Wetting one surface and dusting the other works too! I have used this for many permanent bonds particularly glass (figurine) and most plastic and metals. I have used this for many permanent bonds particularly glass (figurine) and most plastic and metals. Amount of Baking Soda non critical. You will be amazed. Try it! I also love Shoe Goo also known a Plumbing Goop, Auto Goop see them at Home Depot, K Mart, and all supply type stores. Cheers, Marlite Last edited by Marlite : Today at 02:21 AM. Reason: additional info Ouote Post Reply

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